## HSR Dunsmuir, CA, to Hornbrook



The
High-Speed
Rail Corridor
between
Dunsmuir
and
Hornbrook

# HSR Dunsmuir Section\_002

- Miles from Dunsmuir to Hornbrook, on ground 13.24 miles, on flyovers 9.66 miles, in tunnels 30.2 miles. Total 52.92 HSR miles
- This section is mostly in tunnels. The topography does not allow any different version. The rail grades are 1.2% or less, and the curve radiuses are above 30,000 ft, except at Dunsmuir.
- Much consideration has been given to avoiding built-up and productive farmland to build this HSR corridor.

HSR Dunsmuir Section\_002 Des by RN

### Legend



**CHSR Station in Tunnel** 



CHSR Station on Flyovers



CHSR Station in on Ground

On ground

Cuts

Fills

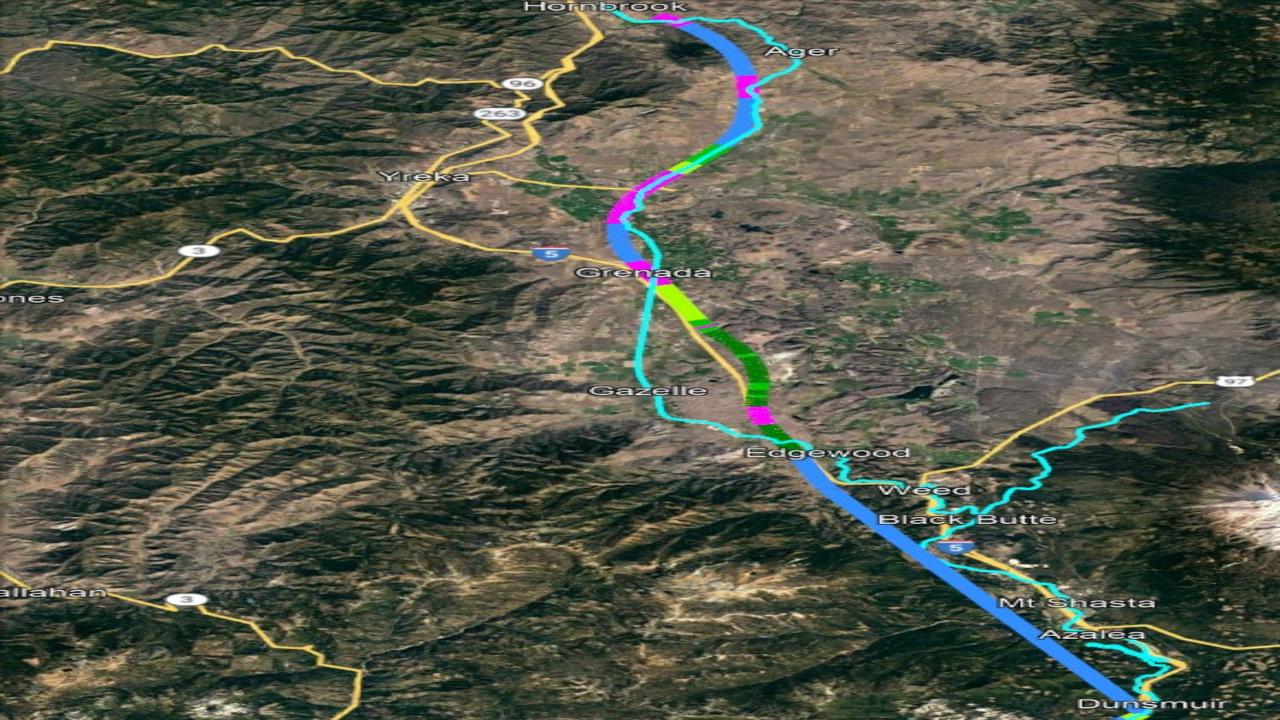
Flyovers

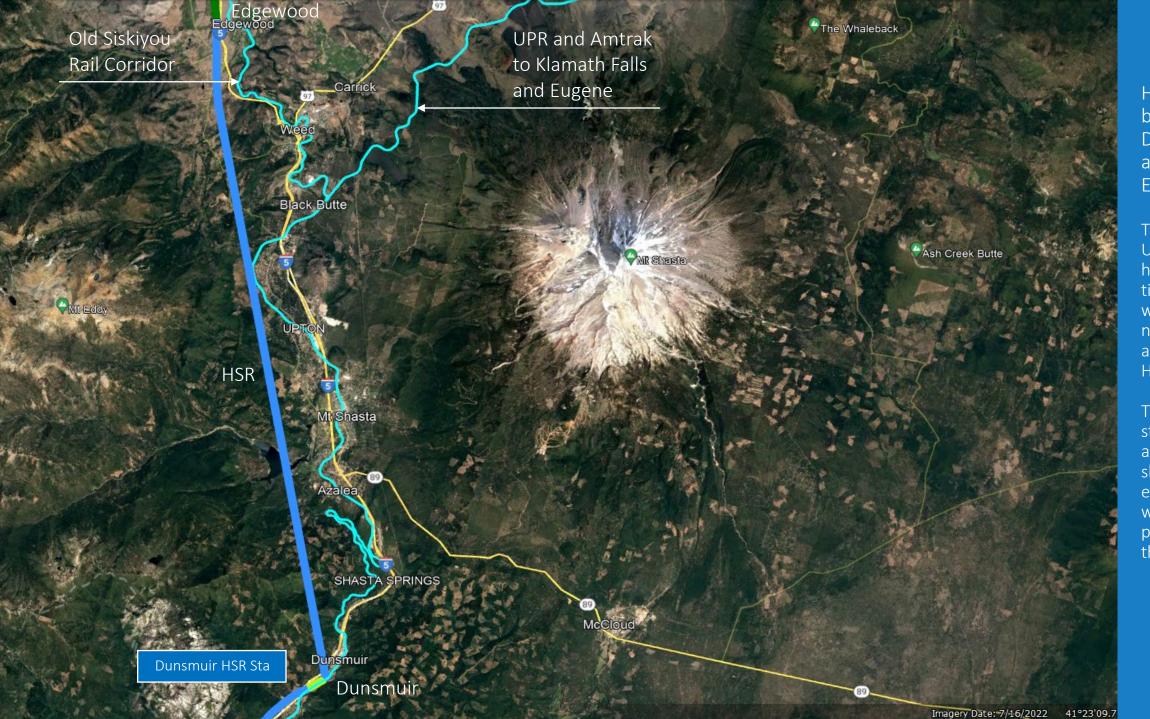
Tunnels

Existing Freight Railroads, other than BNSF and UP RR

Existing Freight Railroads, and Amtrak

HSR Legend 08 Des by R.N.

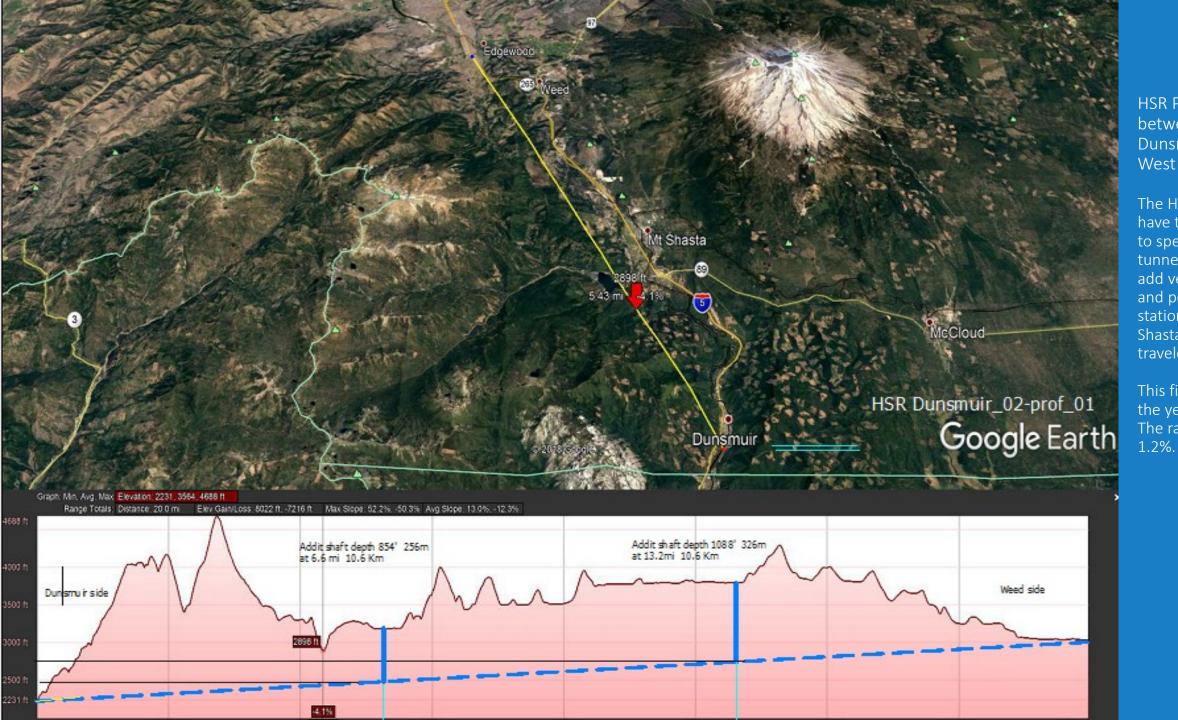




HSR between Dunsmuir and Edgewood

The existing UPRR corridor has many very tight curves which can never accommodate HSR trains.

The Dunsmuir station may accommodate sky-trains; extra busses will bring passengers to the slopes.



HSR Profile between Dunsmuir and West of Weed

The HSR may have two addits to speed up the tunnel boring, add ventilation, and possibly station for Shasta Sky travelers.

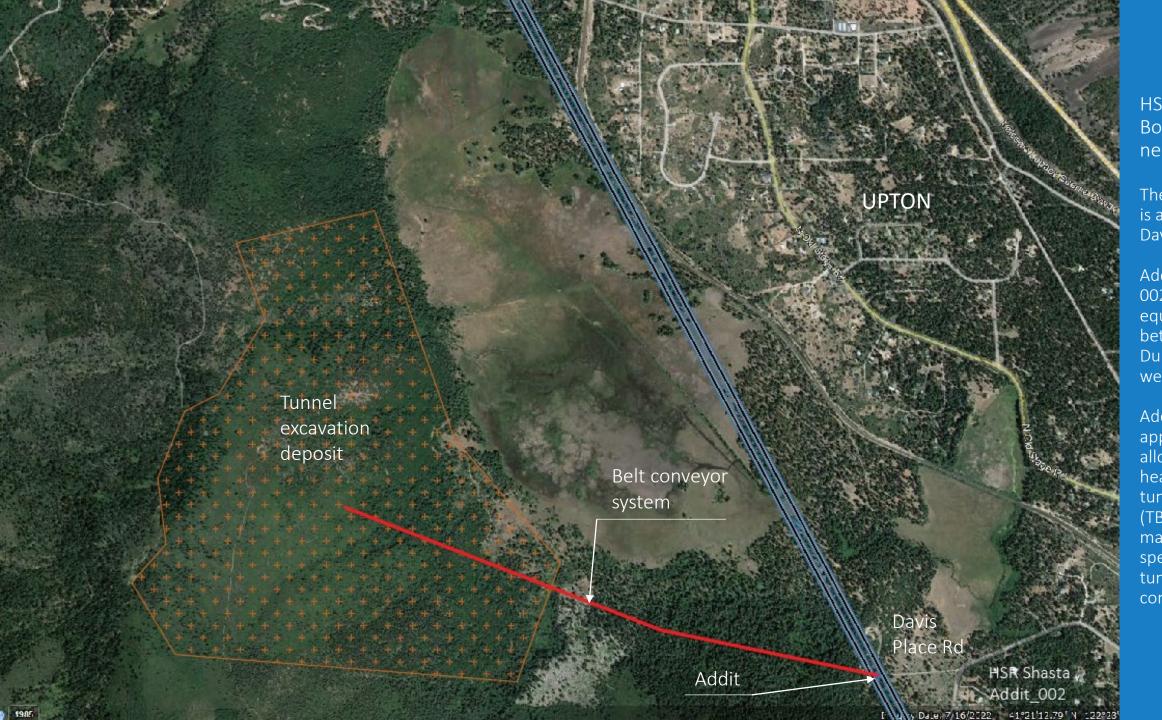
This file is old, the year 2016. The rail grade is



HSR in Twin-Bore Tunnel West of Mt Shasta

The addit shaft is 0.8 miles west of Old Stage Rd.

Some of the tunnel excavation material may be used for concrete aggregate and ballast.



HSR in Twin-Bore Tunnel near UPTON

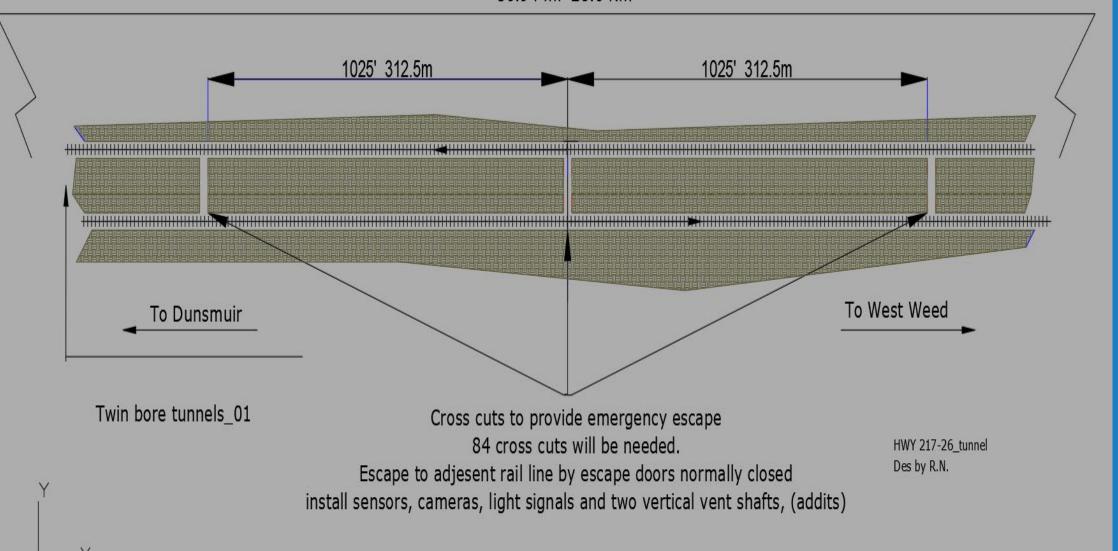
The addit shaft is at the end of Davis Place Rd.

Addit 001 and 002 are equally divided between Dunsmuir and west of Weed.

Addit
applications
allow multiple
headings for
tunnel-boring
(TBM)
machines, thus
speeding up
tunnel
construction.

#### Tunnel section between Dunsmuir and West Weed

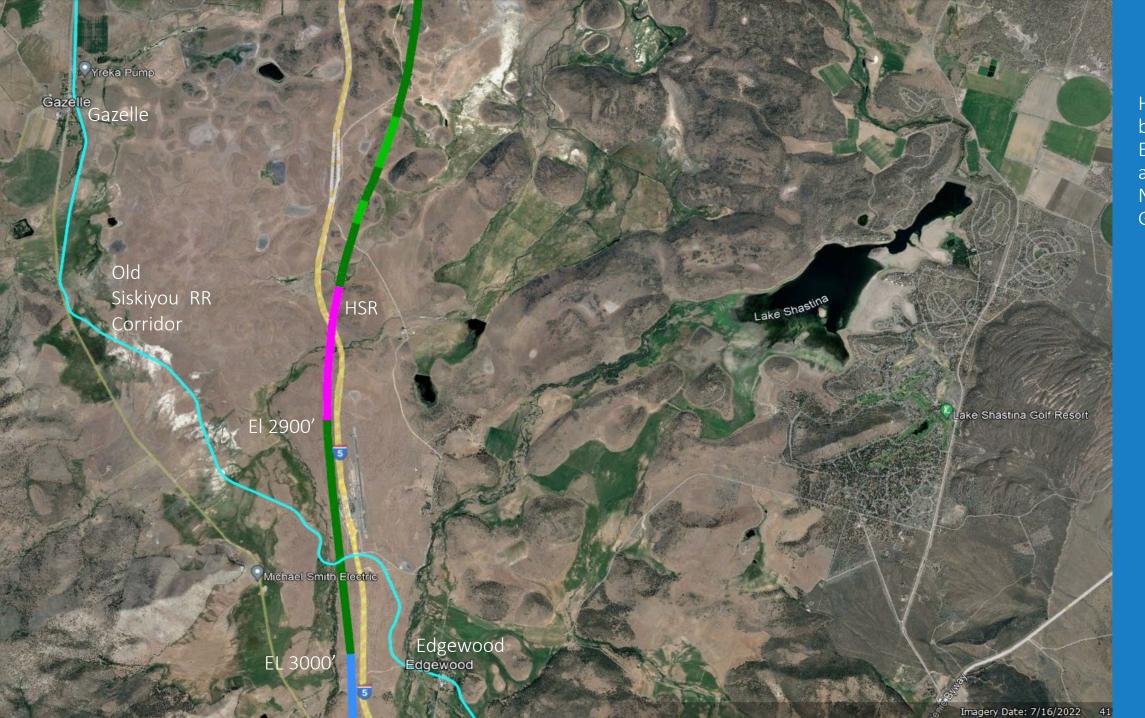
56.94 mi 28.6 Km



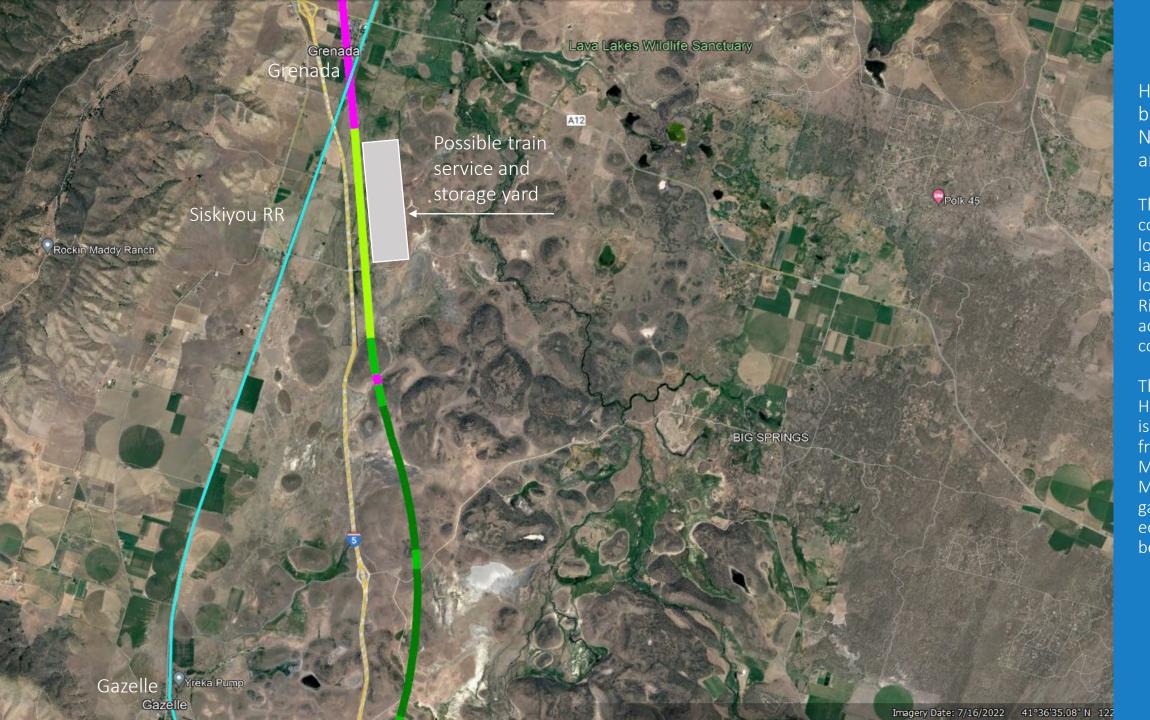
Typical
Tunnel
Emergency
Escape
System

The above sketch is an illustration showing the crosscuts.

The tunnels have axle fans to move air to the addit shafts and then to the surface.



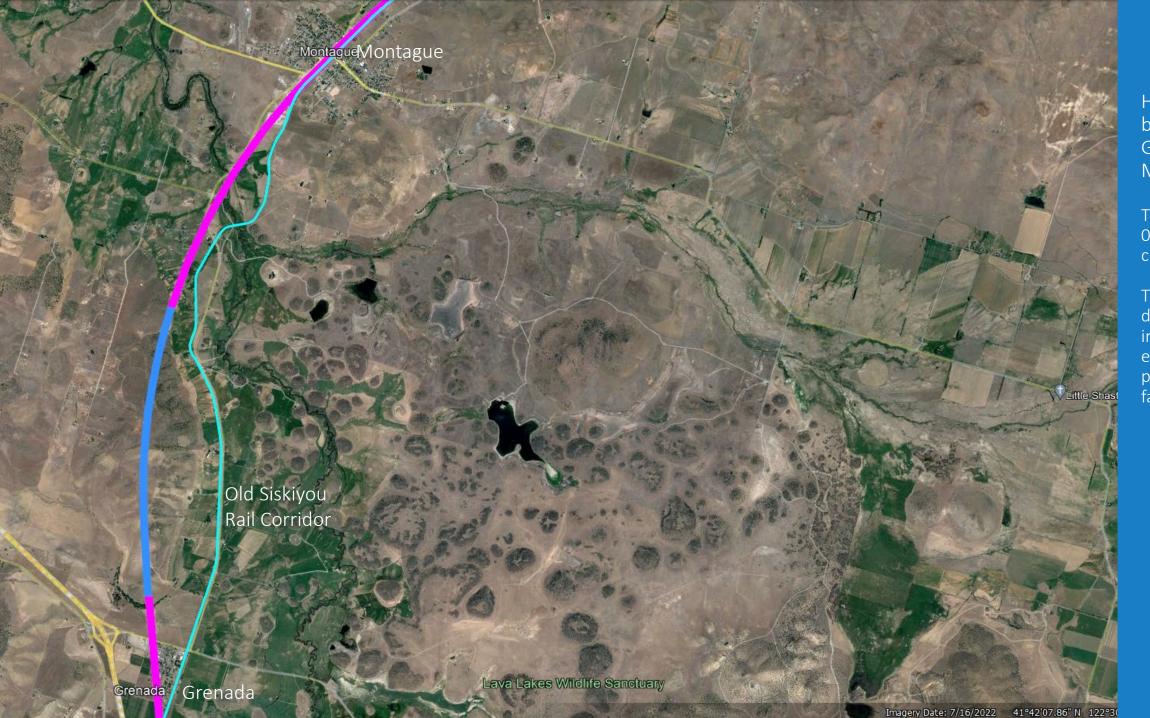
HSR between Edgewood and Northeast of Gazelle



HSR between NW Gazelle and Grenada

The HSR corridor uses low-grade land, thus lowering Right-of-Way acquisition costs.

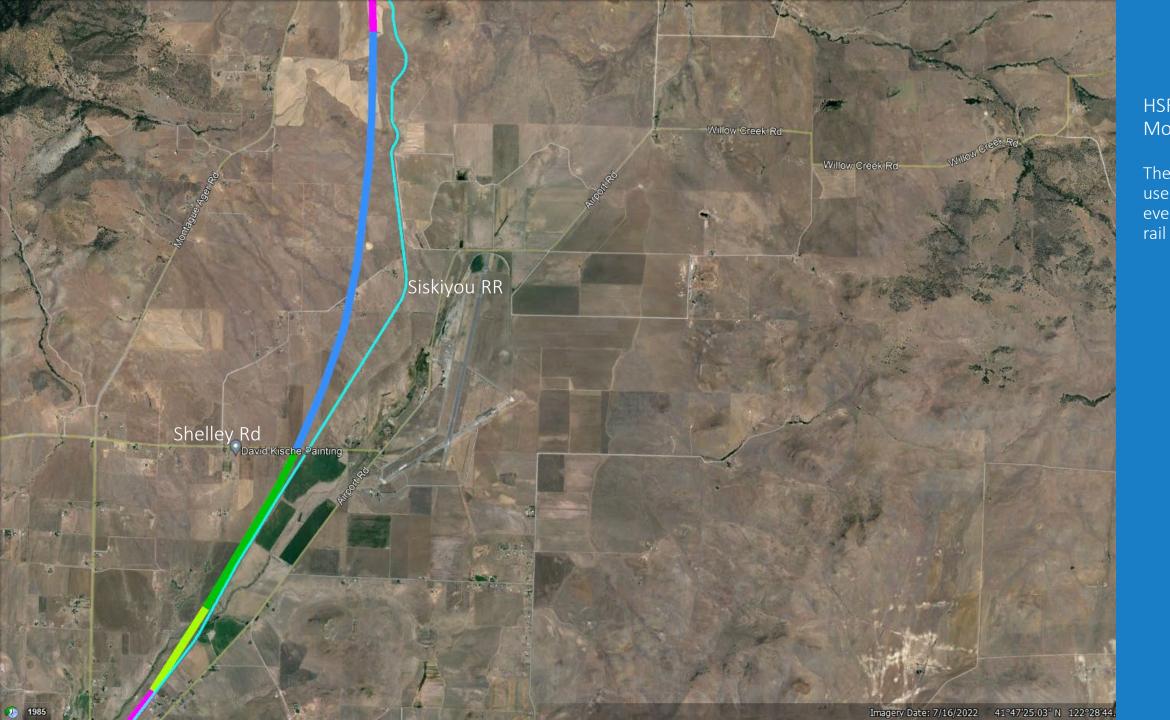
The low-cost HSR train yard is ± 8 miles from Montague. Montague will gain an economic benefit.



HSR between Grenada and Montague

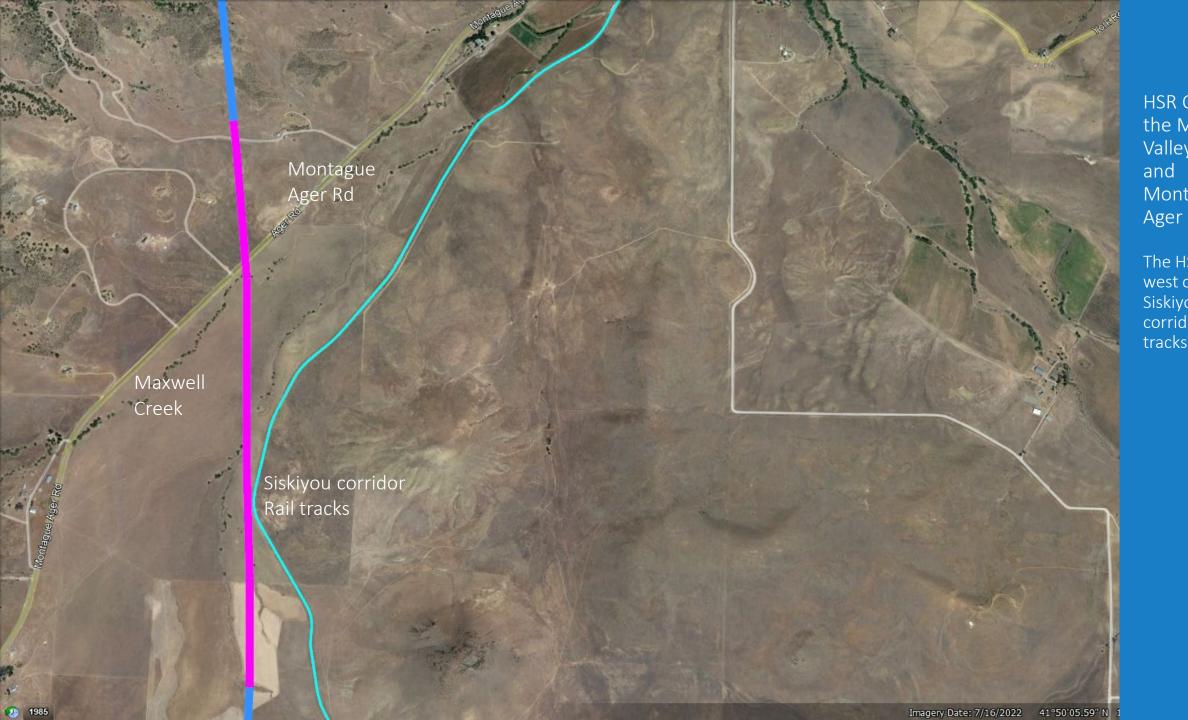
The HSR is in a 0.191-degree curve.

The HSR also does evade intrusion into existing productive farmland.



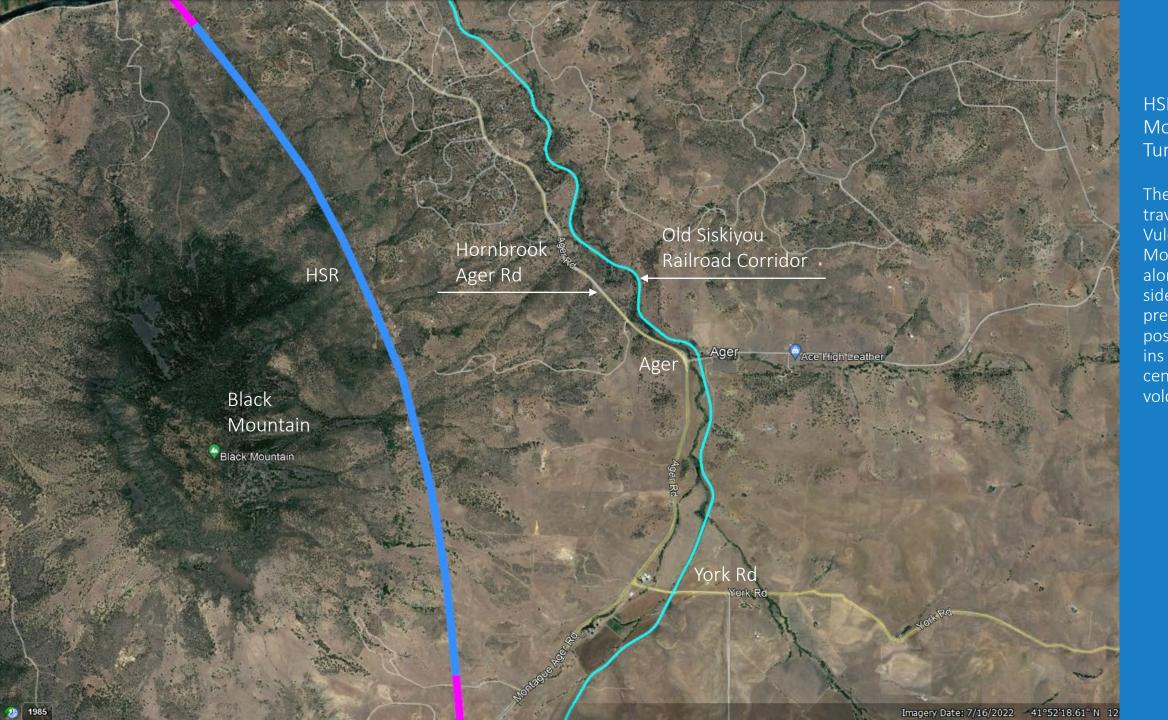
HSR North of Montague

The HSR will use a tunnel to even out the rail grades



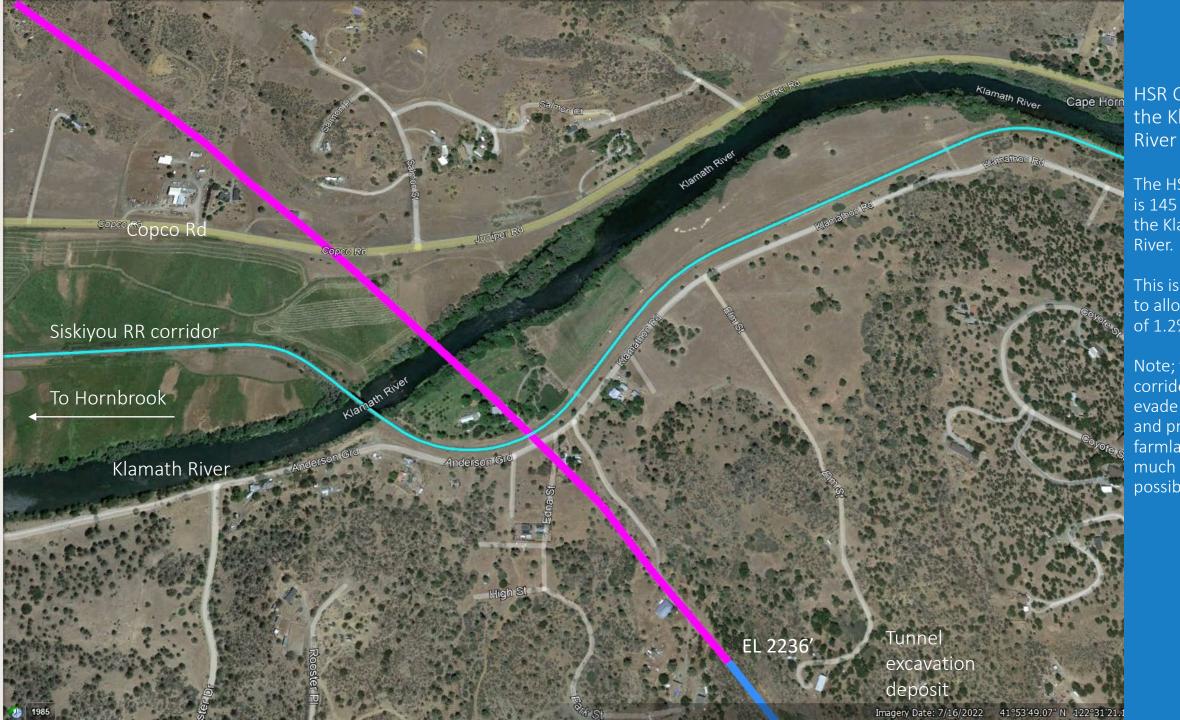
HSR Crossing the Maxwell Valley Creek Montague Ager Rd

The HSR is west of the Siskiyou corridor rail tracks.



HSR Black Mountain Tunnel

The HSR will traverse the Vulcanic Black Mountain along the east side. This will prevent possible caveins at the center of the volcanic cone.



HSR Crossing the Klamath River

The HSR bridge is 145 ft above the Klamath

This is needed to allow grades of 1.2% or less.

Note; the HSR corridor does evade buildings and productive farmland as much as possible.

# Please see below the educational videos of tunnel-boring machines for different geology. (Skip advertising)

(25) TBM Variable (25) TBM Variable Density® EN - YouTube® EN - YouTube

<u>Tunnel Boring Machine (TBM)</u> <u>animation. - YouTube</u>